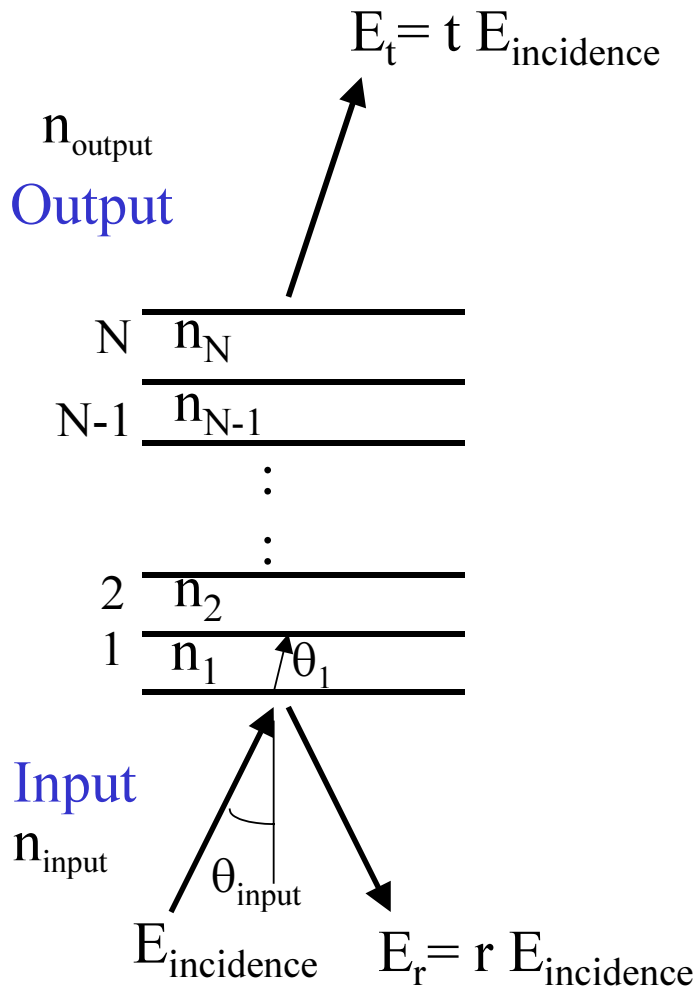


Transmission and Reflection in a Multi-Layer optical System:

Based on the book by Born&Wolf (Principles of optics p. 52).



The idea is that the propagation of the electromagnetic field through a structure is described by a characteristic matrix (M). M relates the field (E and H) at the input plane to that at the output plane ($\text{input} = M * \text{output}$). If a structure is complex (like multi-layer system) the equation becomes: $\text{input} = M_1 * M_2 * \dots * M_{N-1} * M_N * \text{output}$, where M_N describes the layer that is closest to the output plane or in other words $M = M_1 * M_2 * \dots * M_{N-1} * M_N$.

The format of M_j ($j=1 \div N$) is:

$$M_j = \begin{bmatrix} M_j((1,1)) & M_j((1,2)) \\ M_j((2,1)) & M_j((2,2)) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\beta_j) & \frac{-i}{p_j} \sin(\beta_j) \\ -ip_j \sin(\beta_j) & \cos(\beta_j) \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

β_j is the propagation coefficient defined as:

$$\beta_j = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_0} L_j n_j \cos(\theta_j) \quad (2)$$

L_j is j^{th} layer width, n_j is the complex refractive index, θ_j is the propagation angle in this layer

$$n_j \cos(\theta_j) = n_j \sqrt{1 - \sin(\theta_{\text{ref}})^2 n_{\text{ref}}^2 n_j^{-2}} \quad (3)$$

n_{ref} is the refractive index in the medium which defines the angle (θ_{ref}) we are interested in. Usually this would be the input medium (like air) and θ_{ref} is the incidence angle.

For TE (S) wave p_j is: $p_j = n_j \cos(\theta_j)$

For TM (P) wave p_j is: $p_j = n_j^{-1} \cos(\theta_j)$

Reflection (amplitude):

$$r_{TE} = \frac{(M_{1,1} + M_{1,2} P_{\text{output}}) P_{\text{input}} - (M_{2,1} + M_{2,2} P_{\text{output}})}{(M_{1,1} + M_{1,2} P_{\text{output}}) P_{\text{input}} + (M_{2,1} + M_{2,2} P_{\text{output}})} \quad (4)$$

$$r_{TM} = -\frac{(M_{1,1} + M_{1,2} P_{\text{output}}) P_{\text{input}} - (M_{2,1} + M_{2,2} P_{\text{output}})}{(M_{1,1} + M_{1,2} P_{\text{output}}) P_{\text{input}} + (M_{2,1} + M_{2,2} P_{\text{output}})}$$

{ $R=r^2$ }

(note that the difference between TE and TM is not only in the sign but also the p_j values are different)

Transmission:

$$t = 2 * P_{\text{input}} / \dots$$

$$((M(1,1)+M(1,2)* P_{\text{output}}) * P_{\text{input}} + (M(2,1)+M(2,2)* P_{\text{output}}))$$